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## Interoffice Memorandum

PPM-91-654

Date Oct. 28, 1991

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7809Subject Radiation Report on 2N5087  
(ISTP/NC(TGRS) Project)

A radiation evaluation was performed on 2N5087 to determine the total dose tolerance of these parts. A brief summary of the test results is provided below. For detailed information, refer to Tables I through IV and Figure 1.

The total dose testing was performed using a cobalt-60 gamma-ray source. During the radiation testing, eight parts were irradiated under bias (see Figure 1 for bias configuration), and two parts were used as control samples. The total dose radiation steps were 10, 20, 50 and 100 krad (the term rad as used here means rad(Si)). After 100 krad, parts were annealed at +25°C for 24 and 168 hours. After this annealing, parts were irradiated to a total accumulated dose of 300 krad, after which they were annealed at +100°C for 168 hours. The dose rate was between 0.45 and 5 krad/hour, depending on the total dose level (see Table II for radiation schedule). After each radiation exposure and annealing treatment, parts were electrically tested at +25°C according to the test conditions and the specification limits listed in Table III.

Parts passed all tests and stayed within the specified limits up to 50 krad of irradiation. After 50 krad, 4 parts marginally failed to meet the minimum specification limits for hFE1. After 100 krad of irradiation, all parts failed to meet the minimum specification limits for hFE1, hFE2 and hFE3. On annealing at +25°C for 24 and 168 hours, parts showed slight recovery, but still failed to meet minimum specification limits for hFE1, hFE2 and hFE3. Continued irradiation to a total accumulated dose of 300 krad produced additional degradation. After annealing at +100°C for 168 hours, parts showed slight recovery, but still failed to meet minimum specification limits for the same parameters.

Table IV gives the mean and standard deviation values for each parameter after different irradiation exposures and annealing steps.

Any further details about this evaluation can be obtained upon request. If you have any questions, please call me at (301) 731-8954.

TABLE I. Part Information

Generic Part Number:	2N5087
ISTP/NC (TGRS) Part Number:	ISTP-5961-33
ISTP/NC (TGRS) Control Number:	2564A
Charge Number:	C14581
Manufacturer:	Motorola
Lot Date Code:	9101
Quantity Tested:	10
Serial Numbers of Radiation Samples:	58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65
Serial Number of Control Samples:	56, 57
Part Function:	PNP Amplifier Transistor
Part Technology:	Bipolar
Package Style:	TOX can
Test Engineer:	Anh Phung

TABLE II. Radiation Schedule for 2N5087

EVENTS	DATE
1) Initial (Pre-Irradiation) Electrical Measurements	08/29/91
2) 10- KRAD IRRADIATION (0.5 krads/hour)	09/18/91
POST-10-KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	09/19/91
3) 20-KRAD IRRADIATION (0.5 krads/hour)	09/19/91
POST-20-KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	09/20/91
4) 50-KRAD IRRADIATION (0.447 krads/hour)	09/20/91
POST-50-KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	09/23/91
5) 100-KRAD IRRADIATION (2.5 KRADS/HOUR)	09/23/91
POST-100-KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	09/24/91
6) 24 HOURS ANNEALING AT +25°C	09/24/91
POST-24-HOURS ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	09/25/91
7) 168 HOURS ANNEALING AT +25°C	09/25/91
POST-168-HOURS ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENT	10/01/91
8) 200-KRAD IRRADIATION (5.0 KRADS/HOUR)	10/01/91
POST-200-KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS	10/02/91
9) 300-KRAD IRRADIATION (4.655 KRADS/HOUR)	10/02/91
POST-300-KRAD ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS	10/03/91
10) 168 HOURS ANNEALING AT +100°C	10/03/91
POST-168 HOURS AT +100°C ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS	10/10/91

ALL ELECTRICAL MEASUREMENTS WERE PERFORMED AT +25°C.

ALL PARTS WERE IRRADIATED AND ANNEALED UNDER BIAS, SEE FIGURE 1.

Table III. Electrical Characteristics of 2N5087

DR # : ES14152  
 PART # : 2N5087 AMPLIFIER PNP TRANSISTOR  
 CTRL # : 2564  
 DATE : 03-12-91  
 CIS :  
 DCN : 9505 -- 5087  
 TRAVELER ENGINEER : AP  
 TRAVELER REVIEWER :  
 TEST SPEC. : MOTOROLA DATA BOOK 1989  
 DATE :  
 AMENDMENT -  
 DATE :

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS TABLE

TEST #	TEST NAME	TEST CONDITION	MIN	MAX	UNIT	METHOD
1	VBRCEO	$I_c = 1mA ; I_B = 0$	50		V	
2	VBRCSO	$I_c = 100\mu A ; I_E = 0$	50		V	
3	ICBO1	$V_{CB} = 10V ; I_E = 0$		10	nA	
4	ICBO2	$V_{CB} = 35V ; I_E = 0$		50	nA	
5	IEBO	$V_{BE} = 3V ; I_c = 0$		50	nA	
6	hFE1	$I_c = 100\mu A ; V_{CE} = 5V$	250	800		
7	hFE2	$I_c = 1mA ; V_{CE} = 5V$	250			
8	hFE3	$I_c = 10mA ; V_{CE} = 5V ; PULSED^*$	250			
9	VCE(SAT)	$I_c = 10mA ; I_B = 1mA$		0.3	V	
10	VBE(ON)	$I_c = 1mA ; V_{CE} = 5V$		0.85	V	

DELTA LIMITS :  $\Delta I_{CB01} = 15nA$  OR  $\pm 100\%$ ; WHICHEVER IS GREATER.

$\Delta h_{FE1} = \pm 20\%$

\*  $t_{pulse} = 800\mu S$ ; DUTY CYCLE  $\leq 2\%$

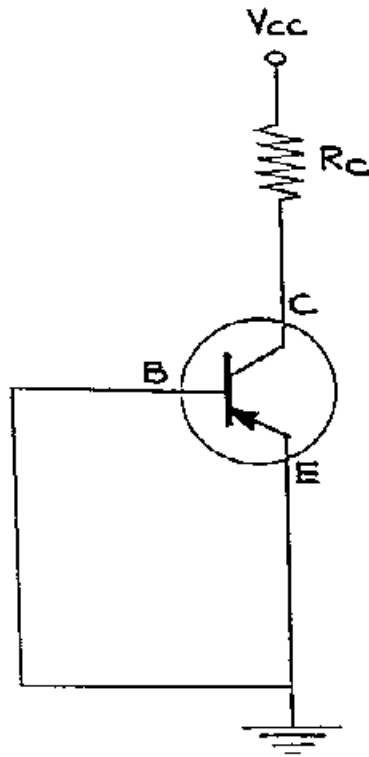
TABLE IV: Summary of Electrical Measurements After  
Total Dose Exposures and Annealing Steps for 2N5087 1/

Parameters	Spec.	Limit	Total Dose Exposure (TDE) (krads)										Anneal				TDE (krads)				Anneal			
			(Pre-Rad.)		0		10		20		50		100		24 hrs. @25°C		168 hrs @25°C		200		300		168 hrs @+100°C	
			min	max	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean	sd	mean	sd
VBRCEO	V	50	-	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	
VBRCEC	V	50	-	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	50	0	
ICBO1	nA	-	10	.04	0	0	.01	.02	.01	.01	.01	.08	.01	.05	.01	.03	.01	.03	.01	.03	0	.02	0	
ICBO2	nA	-	50	0.2	0.2	.16	.03	.15	.03	.13	.07	0.3	.08	0.35	0.1	.125	.07	.175	.05	.35	0.1	.23	0.1	
IEBO	nA	-	50	.18	.05	.23	.27	.21	.05	.25	.06	.18	.05	.18	.05	.23	.05	.02	.04	.18	.05	.23	.05	
hFE1		250	800	332	20.6	312	15.8	294	14.1	249	11.5	186	8.0	195	6.6	199	7.8	149	6.3	123	5.2	194	7.3	
hFE2		250	-	331	20.2	313	8.8	303	4.0	274	4.2	236	5.0	242	3.2	242	5.1	204	4.1	183	5.0	236	7.6	
hFE3		250	-	303	4.5	292	4.5	283	4.1	264	4.0	243	3.6	247	3.8	245	3.9	220	3.5	200	3.7	239	3.6	
VCE (SAT)	V	-	0.3	.052	0	.055	0	.056	0	.06	0	.064	0	.064	0	.063	0	.068	0	.071	0	.062	0	
VBE (ON)	V	-	0.85	.659	0	.662	0	.664	0	.669	0	.668	0	.658	0	.663	0	.668	0	.665	0	.662	0	

Note:

1/ The mean and standard deviation values were calculated over the eight parts irradiated in this testing. The control samples remained constant throughout the testing and are not included in this table.

Figure 1. Radiation Bias Circuit for 2N5087



$V_{cc} = -40V$

$R_C = 10K \Omega \pm 5\% @ \frac{1}{4}W$